**2021陕西省普通高等教育专升本招生考试**

**大学英语**

注意事项：

1．考生领到试题后，须按照规定在试题上填写姓名、准考证号和座位号，并在答题纸上填涂对应的试卷类型信息点。

2. 所有答案必须按照题号在答题纸上对应的答题区域内答题，超出各题答题区域的答案无效。在草稿纸、试题上作答无效。考试结束后，将试题和答题纸一并交回。

3．满分为150分。考试时间为150分钟。

**Part I. Vocabulary and Structure (60 points)**

**Directions:** In this part, there are 40 incomplete sentences. For each sentence there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the ONE that best completes the sentence. Then mark the corresponding letter on the **Answer Sheet** with a single line through the centre.

1. On Monday mornings it usually\_\_\_ me an hour to drive to work.

A. take B. takes C. is taking D. will takes

2.. The young couple often eats out because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_of them can cook.

A. both B. either C. neither D. none

3. Not only I but also Jenny and Rose\_\_\_\_ fond of swimming and fishing.

A. are B.is C.be D.am

4. It is known to all that the Yellow River is the Second\_\_\_\_ in china.

A . long B ,longer C. longest D the longest

5.For some reason，I won't be able to \_\_\_\_\_tomorrow's lecture on American history.

A.admit B.attend C.attempt D.assist

6.\_\_\_\_English articles is a good way to improve English.

A.Read B.Reading C.Having read D.Have read

7. My wife suggests that we\_\_\_\_\_ have a picnic for a change this weekend.

A. should B. might C could D. would

8.Lucy will go home for a vacation as soon as she\_\_\_\_ her exams.

A. finishes B. will finish C. finished D.had finished

9. The teacher didn't give them the answers\_\_\_\_ they finished their homework.

A. while B. or C. until D. when

10. The new policy,\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_is about tax reduction, is to be carried out next month.

A. that B. what C.it D. which

11. The pictures reminded him\_\_\_\_\_ what he had seen in Shanghai.

A. of B. in C. for D. to

12. For the past forty years, our country\_\_\_ great achievements in economy.

A. has made B. had made C. is making D. was making

13. I don't feel like going out for\_\_\_\_ in such terrible weather.

A. walk B. the walk C. walks D. a walk

14. You may use my room as you like\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you clean it up afterwards.

A. so far as B. as long as C. in case D. even if

15. It is\_\_\_\_\_\_the law in some countries to leave little kids alone in the house.

A. beyond B. against C. without D. within

16.After the mine accident ,a group of experts were sent to \_\_\_\_\_the matter.

A. look into B. look down upon C. look though D . look forward to

17. you never told us why you were absent the party,\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

A. weren't you B. didn't you C. did you D. were you

18. Generally, ambitious students are more\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to succeed in their studies.

A. likely B. possible C. probable D. surely

19. How could you\_\_\_\_ such a good job when you have been out of work for months?

A. turn on B. turn down C. turn on D. turn up

20. Work harder,\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you will not be able to finish the task as required.

A. but B.an C. or D. so

21.\_\_\_\_ is essential for human beings to protect the environment.

A. What B. This C. That D. It

22.\_\_\_\_ Cindy joined the company only a year ago, she has been promoted twice.

A. Because B. If C. Although D. When

23. Please\_\_\_\_ in mind that their customs is different from ours.

A. keep B. put C. join D. leave

24. We usually have six lessons a day, and each of them\_\_\_\_ 50 minutes.

A.continues B. supplies C. brings D. lasts

25. You'd better \_\_\_\_\_ your shoes on the floor at midnight when others are asleep.

A. not to drop B. not drop C. don't drop D. not dropping

26. They had to tolerate much noise while the buildings were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.construction.

A. under B.in C.at D. with

27. The course is certainly beyond the \_\_\_\_ of the beginners.

A. idea B. Plan C. Reach D. opinion

28. It is not always reliable to draw a conclusion on the \_\_\_\_\_\_ of the first impression.

A. base B. basis C. basic D. basement

29.The chemistry professor has his students\_\_\_\_\_\_an experiment every week.

A.to do B.done C.doing D.do

30. Not until all the fish died in the river \_\_\_\_how serious the pollution was.

A. did the villagers realize B. the villagers realized

C. didn’t the villagers realize D. the villagers did realize

31. Roy is not good at sports, but when it\_\_\_\_\_ physics, he is the best in the class.

A. comes up to B. comes to C. comes close to D. comes around to

32. Some retired men in our neighborhood play chess only to\_\_\_\_ time in the afternoon.

A. kill B. waste C. enjoy D. spend

33. The repairman examined the car engine\_\_\_ but could not find anything wrong with it.

A. exactly B. approximately C. precisely D. thoroughly

34. Jim\_\_\_\_ some money every month so that he can buy a new car.

A. sets off B. sets in C. sets aside D. sets up

35. She brought with her three friends, none of \_\_\_\_\_I had ever met before.

A. these B. who C. those D. whom

36. I must be off now. It's time I\_\_\_\_ to work.

A. go B. went C. will go D. am going

37. The fact \_\_\_\_ great Britain is made up of three parts is still unknown to many people.

A. that B. why C.what D. which

38\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_is known to the world, Mark Twain is a great America writer.

1. That B.Which C.What D.As

39. Would you mind \_\_\_\_ over tomorrow? I have something important to tell you.

A. to come B. coming . C. come D. came

40. No sooner had she sat down to dinner \_\_\_\_\_ here was a knock at the door.

A. when B. that C. than D. what

41. The more fruits and vegetables you have, \_\_\_\_\_\_ chance you will have to get cancer.

A. little B. less C the less D. the least

42. Tim is a very talkative boy \_\_\_\_\_ Mary is a girl of few words.

A. when B. while C.as D. though

43. Dr. Brown\_\_\_\_ to make a speech about food society in our school last Friday.

A. invites B. invited C. is invited D. was invited

44. It was between 1920 and 1930\_\_\_\_\_\_\_television was invited in America.

A. which B. that C. then D. when

45. Early\_\_\_ it was, traffic in the downtown area was already building up.

A. while B. although C. as D. when

46. He said that he'd like to take\_\_\_\_ of this opportunity to cooperate with you.

A. benefit B. occasion C. profit D. advantage

47. Sarah wrote a letter to the company to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the job and was waiting for a reply.

A. adapt to B. apply for C.approve of D. appoint to

48.\_\_\_\_\_the government agree to give extra money, the theatre will have to close next week.

A. Unless B. It C. Since D.As

49. Henry offered to\_\_\_\_\_\_ Alice a hand, for the luggage was too heavy for her to carry.

A. borrow B. show C.lend D. help

50. How can teacher help to bridge the generation\_\_\_\_\_\_between parents and their teenager children?

A. division B. gap C. split D. interval

51. He\_\_\_\_ English for eight years by the time he graduates from the university.

A. has learned B. had learned C. will lean D. will have learned

52. To enjoy the scenery, she would rather spend long hours on the train than\_\_\_\_\_\_ by air.

A. traveled B. traveling C. to travel D. travel

53. Because they have difficulty\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the stress, some students turn to doing exercise.

A. managing B. to manage C. manage D. managed

54. Weather\_\_\_\_\_\_，the sports meeting will be held as scheduled.

A. permits B. should permit C. permitting D. will permit

55. I'd rather you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_go home alone, it's already too late.

A. could not B. didn't C. would not D. should not

56. All things\_\_\_\_\_ the planned trip will have to be canceled.

A. be considered B. considered C. considering D. having considered

57.\_\_\_\_\_ enough time, I would have gone into that subject more deeply.

A. If I had had B. If I had C. If I should have D. If I have

58. He\_\_\_\_\_\_ everyone to take part in protecting rivers, seas and oceans.

A. insisted B. persisted C. encouraged D. provided

59. Time passed quickly when you are\_\_\_\_ in reading an interesting novels.

A. focused B. attracted C. tempted D. absorbed

60. The new stadium being built for the coming National Games will be \_\_\_\_ the present one.

A. as three times big as B. three times as big as

C. as big as three times D. as big three times as

**Part Il. Reading Comprehension ( 50 points )**

**Directions:** There are four Passage in this part. Each passage is followed by five questions or

unfinished statements. For each of them, there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. You should decide on the best choice and mark the corresponding letter on the **Answer Sheet** with a single line through the center .

  **Passage one**

Shopping for clothes is not the same experience for a man as it is for a woman. A man goes shopping because he needs something. His purpose is settled and decided in advance. He knows what he wants. and his aim is to find it and but it; the price is in the second place for consideration. The men simply walks into a shop and ask the assistant for what he wants: If it is available in the shop,the assistant quickly brings it to him ,and he tires it on at once. For a man ,problems may occur when the shop does not what he wants ,or does not have exactly what he wants.In that case,the assistant will try to sell him something else.

Then how does a woman go about buying clothes? In almost every respect, she does so in the opposite way, Her shopping is not often based on need. She has never fully made up her mind what she wants, and she sometimes just has a look-round ,She will still be satisfied even if she has bought nothing .

61. According to the passage, a man's shopping is based on\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. his hobbies B.his need C. his money D. his friends

62. How does a man go shopping when he wants to buy something?

A. He makes a plan before he buys it.

B. He looks at it carefully and waits for a while. C. He never asks help from the shop assistant.

 D. He discusses it with his wife and then buys it.

63. What is the man's attitude to the price of goods?

А. He is often not sure of it. B. He wants to buy a cheaper one.

C. He does not care much about it. D. He regards the price with importance.

1. What does a woman do when she goes shopping?
2. A. She often buys what she needs. B. She knows clearly what she wants.
3. C. She will be sad with nothing bought.  D. She sometimes just looks round the shop.
4. 65. What is this passage mainly about?
5. A. Men's way of buying clothes. B. Women's attitude towards buying clothes.
6. Men's problems in buying clothes.
7. D. The differences between men and women in buying clothes.

P**assage Two**

Night after night, my mom came to help me sleep, even long after my childhood years. I don't remember when it first started making me a little angry--my mom' s hands pushing my hair that way. But it really made me uncomfortable, for they felt rough against my young skin. Finally, one night, I shouted at her, “Don't do that any more. Your hands are too rough!" She didn't say anything, but she never did it again.

Year later, I began to miss my mom's hands and her good -night kiss on my forehead. When my

mom was in her mid-70s, her rough hands were still doing things for the family and me.She was

 like a doctor to us, always knowing how to calm a young girl's stomach. She coked the best fried

 chicken in the world.

On Thanksgiving Day, I took my mom's hand land told her how sorry I was for that night I

shouted at her. But my mom didn't know what I was talking about. She had forgotten it long ago.

It was late at night. As I slept in my bedroom, a familiar hand ran across my face to push the hair from my head. Then a kiss, ever so gently, touched my brow. That night, I fell asleep with appreciation for my mom and her caring hands. And the guilt that I had carried around for so long was nowhere to be found.

66.The writer was once annoyed when\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. her mother's rough hands touched her skin B. her mother didn't say“good night”to her

C.she found she was no longer a little girl  D. she found her mother was no longer young

67. The writer missed her mother s hands because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_,

A. she realized her mother was not so beautiful as before

B.she began to understand her mother's love

C. her mother had forgotten the night she shouted at her

D. her mother could cook the best fried chicken in the world

68. The underlined word " appreciation" in Paragraph 3 means“\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” in Chinese.

A.兴奋 B.惊讶 C.感激 D.害怕

69. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

A. The writer hated staying with her mother at night.

B. The writer felt sorry for what she did to her mother.

C. The writer s mother didn't hear what she was talking about.

D.The writer s mother was a doctor and knew how to calm her stomach.

70. The story develops with the change of\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. the mother's hands B. the writer's hair

C. the mother 's attitude to the writer D. the writer's attitude to her mother.

  **Passage three**

 The laptop computer (便携式电脑)is popular all over the world because it is small enough for us to put on the upper part of our legs. People use them on trains and airplanes, in airports and hotels. These computers connect people to their workplace. In the United States today, they also connect students to their classmates.

 In the United States, Westlake College in Virginia will start a laptop computer program that allows students to do schoolwork anywhere they want. Within five years, each of the 1500 students at the college will get a laptop. With laptop computers, the students will be connected not only to the Internet but also to libraries. In addition, they can use emails to“speak”with their teachers ,their classmates,and their families.the most important of the laptop computer program is that students will be able to use computers without going to computer labs. They can work with it at home, in a fast-food restaurant or under the trees--- anywhere at all.

At Westlake College, more than 90% of the students use computers, either desktop (台式) or laptop, but the laptop users can work and study in any of the places. Just as one of the Westlake teachers said, "Here we are in the middle of the city and we're giving students a window on the world."

71. The laptop computer is becoming more and more popular because it is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. very convenient to use in a lot of places B. cheap enough for everyone to get one

C. small enough to put into one's pocket D.easy to take to and from classrooms

72. What is the main purpose of the laptop computer program in weslake College?

A. To allow the students to do schoolwork anywhere. B.To provide each student with a laptop.

C. To offer the students more chances to work in the future.

D.To give the students more free time to do their schoolwork.

73. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

A.90% of the teachers and students in Westlake College use computers.

B. Students will be able to use computers without going to computer labs.

C. Westlake College is making a program to 'encourage students to use desktops.

D. Students in Westlake College can do everything they like to.

74. What is the meaning of " giving students a window about the world in the last sentence?

A. Showing them pictures of the world. B. Giving them chances to travel around the world.

C. Offering them information of the world. D. Inviting their teachers from other countries.

75. We can learn from the passage that\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. laptop computers are difficult to use B. laptop computers are more powerful than desktops

C.students in Westlake College are very rich

D. students in Westlake College will mainly use laptops

**Passage Four**

It seems strange that while three-quarters of the world's surface is covered with water, getting an adequate(足够的)supply of it that's fresh, clean, and safe to use for drinking, cooking and washing, is one of the most important problems that faces humanity. Most of the earth's water is salt water in the oceans, only three percent is fresh and only a small part of that is possible. It may be trapped deep underground, and anyway unequally exist around the globe, so droughts and floods happen now and then. Of the remaining fresh water, much is polluted and dangerous to use.

A large part of UNICEF'S (联合国儿童基金会) work is bringing safe water to people and educating them in basic health care. Some diseases spread by polluted water are the most common causes of death and illness in children under five in the developing world.

Although water gives life, it can also carry some kinds of disease- a leading cause of blindness among children. Mosquitoes(蚊子)and flies that live near in water bring yellow fever, malaria(疟疾)，and sleeping sickness, so good piped water supplies are needed to reduce the need for people to gather in such an area.

In some of those country, women and children spend a major part of their time going out to collect water, they often walk many miles each day to get just the limited family needs for cooking and drinking. And they can't carry much while walking over rough fields.As children have to play get water, they may not be able to go to school, UNICEF aimed to get almost 90，000 water systems set up to benefit 20 million people. A well may mean the difference between life and death .

76.What is the main reason for the inadequate supply of fresh water?

A. Most of the water is polluted. B. Most of the water is in the sea.

C. Most of the water is hard to get. D.Most of the water is in the land.

77. What percentage of fresh water is drinkable on the earth?

A. More than3%.  B. Less than3%.  C. More than 97%.  D. Less than 97%.

78. What is the leading cause of blindness among children?

A. Flies. B. Mosquitoes.  C. Piped water.   D. Polluted water.

79. The purpose of this passage is to

A. inform the reader В. comfort the reader C. persuade the reader D. frighten the reader

80. What can be inferred from the last paragraph?

A. Water can spread disease. B. Water has nothing to do with children's illness.

C. Some children have to lead a hard life.

D. Children spend most of their time collecting water.

**Part III. Translation (20 points)**

**Directions:** In this par, there is a short passage in English. Read it carefully and translate it into Chinese.

Great changes have been made in family life because of science and industry. In the past, when more Americans lived on farms, the typical family had many children. In a farm family, parents and their children often lived with grandparents. Often, too, uncles and aunts lived nearby. But when industry became more important than agricultural, families became smaller because industry requires workers who are ready and able to move off the land and to move again whenever necessary. And large families cannot move easily from place to place as smaller families can. So, at present people tend to have smaller families.

**Part IN. Writing (20 points)**

**Directions:** For this part, you are required to write a composition of 120 to 180 words. Your writing should be based on the title and outline given below.

**On Dreams**

1.你有什么梦想？

2.你为什么会有这样的梦想？

3.你如何实现梦想?