**2020年陕西省普通高等教育专升本招生考试**

**大学英语试题**

**注意事项：**

**1．考生领到试题后，须按规定在试题上填写姓名、准考证号和座位号，并在答题卡上填涂对应的试卷类型信息点。**

**2．所有答案必须按照题号在答题卡上对应的答题区域内作答，超出各题答题区域的答案无效。在草稿纸、试题上作答无效。考试结束后，将试题和答题卡一并交回。**

**3．满分为150分，考试时间为150分钟。**

**Part I .Vocabulary and Structure (40 points)**

**Directions:** In this part, there are 40 incomplete sentences. For each sentence there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the ONE that best completes the sentence. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

1. Mike, together with his team members, \_\_\_\_\_\_ going to take part in the next Olympic Games.

A. are B. is C. be D. am

2\_\_\_\_\_\_ is quite difficult for Mary to get the job since there are so many competitors.

A. What B.This C. That D. It

3. Don't make any noise in the library,\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

A. will you B.do you C. won't you D. don't you

4.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of them knew about the plan because it was secret.

A. Any B. No one C. All D. None

5.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ beautiful weather we are having these days!

А. Where B. How C.What D.That

6. The winner is a Chinese player,\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ name often appears in sports news.

A. which B. who C. whose D. whom

7. When Mr. Jones gets retired, he will\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his business to his daughter.

A. take over B. hand over C. think over D. get over

8. The wallet was\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the foreign tourist when it was proved that he was the owner.

A. given away B. given out C.given back D. given up

9. They need quite a sum of money to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_a special school for disabled children.

A. set about B, setup C. set back D. set off

10. The old lady opened the window to see what was\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ outside in the street.

A. going on B.going out C.going over D. going after

11. Tom will go out for a picnic with his friends after he\_\_\_\_\_\_ his breakfast.

A. will finish B. finished C finishes D. would finish

12. The delegates from eighty-six countries\_\_\_\_\_ present at the international conference held in Hainan last June,

A. are B.were C. have D.had

13. By the end of last year, we\_\_\_\_\_ about $100,000.

A. earn B. had be earning C. had earned D. have earned

14. The newly-wed couple told Jack that they\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_a new car the next month,

A. went to buy B. are going to buy C. were going to buy D. have gone to buy

15. To\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the living standard of the people has been the main task of the government over the past decades.

A. Raise B. rise C. arise D.arouse

16. Let us all\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ what the doctors and nurses did for us.

A. remembering B. to remember C. remember D. remembered

17.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Browns were having dinner when the telephone rang.

A. A B. An C.1 D.The

l8. There was a heavy fog this morning, so the planes could not\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as scheduled.

A. get through B. take off C.pull out D. break away

19.This\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ be Jack's umbrella as he was the only person that brought one here.

A. could B. might C. ought to D. must

20.Since both methods lead to the same result, you can choose\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ one.

A. each B. both C. either D. some

21.You'd better\_\_\_\_\_a copy of the whole article for yourself.

A. make B. making C. to make D. made

22. Her grandfather's beautiful teapot was\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by his favorite cat yesterday morning.

A.knocked back B. knocked off C. knocked out D. knocked down

23. Nearly\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the 9,000 specie of birds feed mainly on insects.

A. three fifths B. the three fifth C. three fifth D. the three fifths

24.My young sister couldn’t help \_\_\_\_\_when she found her doll missing.

A. but to cry B. but crying C.to cry D. crying

25.The bag is \_\_\_\_\_\_the one I saw in the shop last Sunday.

A.same as B.the same like C.the same that D.the same as

26.If Tim\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_me, I wouldn't have known the truth.

A. didn't tell B. hadn't told C. hasn't told D. doesn't told

27.I have never heard the word\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the way before.

A. Pronounce B. to pronounce C. pronounced D. producing

28.The fact \_\_\_\_\_Helen was late for the weekly meeting again make the manager angry.

A. why B that C what D.which

29.We visited the small village\_\_\_\_\_south of the lake.

A.lay B. lying C. to lie D. lies

30. John borrowed my French dictionary yesterday,\_\_\_\_\_that he would return soon.

A. promised B. promise C. to promise D.promising

31.There are three colors in the British flag,\_\_\_\_\_\_red, white and blue.

A.rarely B. namely C. really D. naturally

32.The market\_\_\_\_\_it had been in the morning.

was as crowded B. was not crowded that

C. wasn't as crowded as D. wasn’t so crowded

33.The more he looked at the picture, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

the more did he like it B. the more he liked it

C. he liked it more D. did he like it more

34.Hardly\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ get a good job these days without a good education.

A. have people B. people do C.people might D.can people

35.Simon left in a hurry and took my mobile phone\_\_\_\_\_mistake.

A.with B.by C.in D.for

36.My sister is really enthusiastic\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_music.

A. about B. on C. with D.by

37.I didn't say I agreed with her analysis of the situation.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_,I was very much against it.

A. On the other side B. On the contrary C. In contrast D. In comparison

38.The cause of the traffic accident was\_\_\_\_\_one of the drivers lost control of his car.

A. because B. why C. when D. that

39.Hard \_\_\_\_\_they tried, the doctor couldn't handle Tonia s situation.

 A.as B.although C. when D. even if

40.It was in a second-hand bookstore \_\_\_\_\_he bought the rare book on calligraphy.

A. where B. which C. that D. what

41.Our new car,\_\_\_\_\_we bought last month, seats five people.

A.that B. what C.which D.whose

42.There are many regions in the world \_\_\_\_\_coffee can be grown.

A. where B. that C. which D. what

43.The story about is about\_\_\_\_\_\_a boy managed to save a little girl in the earthquake.

A. How B.what C.which D. that

44.Things are not always.\_\_\_\_\_\_they seem to be.

A. That B. which C. how D.what

45. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_it will do us good or not remains to be seen.

A. If B.Whether C. That D.Which

46. The director doesn't like\_\_\_\_while he is talking.

A. to be interrupted B. to interrupt C. interrupt D. interrupting

47. Some of the stars are\_\_\_\_\_far away that it is impossible to see them with naked eyes.

A. Such B. so C. too D. only

48.Peter had to work hard day and might\_\_\_\_\_\_he could earn more to pay for his new house.

A. in order that B. in case that C. Provided that D.on condition that

49.Smoking is not allowed in this laboratory\_\_\_\_\_\_it would cause a fire.

A. so that B. such that C. no matter that D .for fear that

50.Only when you have obtained sufficient data\_\_\_\_\_\_come to a sound conclusion.

A. you will B. you can C. need you D. can you

51.These rules\_\_\_\_\_to all members of the golf club.

A.supply B. apply C. reply D. imply

52.Wood does not conduct electricity,\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. so does rubber B.so rubber does C. nor does rubber D. nor rubber does

53.It is high time that you\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to correct your own mistakes.

A. have learnt B. learn C. will learned D. learnt

54. It was difficult to guess what her\_\_\_\_\_to the news would be.

A. reaction B. opinion C. impression D. comment

55.Do morning exercises every day, and you will \_\_\_\_\_\_\_a lot from it.

A. receive B. make C. benefit D. win

56.The restaurant is busy on Sundays, so I'll phone up today and \_\_\_\_\_\_a table.

A. reserve B. deserve C. preserve D.observe

57.It is important that we\_\_\_\_\_the project on time.

A.will complete B. completed C. complete D. shall complete

58.Louise has always been on good \_\_\_\_\_\_with her colleagues.

A.terms B. relations C. connections D. friendship

59.This hotel\_\_\_\_\_$100 for a single room with breakfast free.

A.pays B. costs C.charges D. spends

60.This new style sports shoes are very popular, and it is \_\_\_\_\_in all sizes.

A. important B. available C. active D. famous

**Part II .Reading Comprehension(50 points)**

**Directions:** in this part there are four passages . Each passage is followed by five questions or unfinished statements. For each of them, there are four choices marked a b c and d. you should decide on the best choice and mark the corresponding letter on the **Answer Sheet** with a single line through the Center.

**Passage One**

Benjamin Franklin was born in 1706in Boston, Massachusetts. His mother and father were of Puritan （ 清教徒） religion. They left England and moved to the English colony of Massachusetts in order to escape persecution (迫害) for their religion. In Boston, Franklin left school when he was ten years old and worked for his father for two years then he went to work on his brothers newspaper. He became the editor of this paper when he was sixteen. Because he wanted to be independent, he went to Philadelphia. There he bought his own newspaper. He worked hard and saved his money. And by the age of 24 he was one of the most successful men in Philadelphia.

In 1732 Franklin published a book" Poor Richard’s Almanac"（年鉴).Most almanacs contained information for farmers such as information about the days and weeks of the year and about the weather .To his almanac, Franklin added wise sayings,his observations about life. Some of these sayings are still famous today. For example, " Early to bed and early to rise makes a man healthy, wealthy and wise"and" Waste not, want not. " and. "A penny saved is penny earned".

61.Benjamin Franklin was of\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A.English origin B.Spanish origin C. French origin D. German origin

62.Benjamin Franklin’s parents moved to Massachusetts because they wanted\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. to become wealthy B.to live their relatives

C.to have their own newspaper D. to escape religious persecution

63. Whom did Benjamin Franklin work for at the age of 11?

A. His father B.His mother C. His brother D. Himself

64. Why did Benjamin Franklin move to Philadelphia?

A. Because his brother disliked him.

B. Because his brother wanted him to go there.

C. Because be liked the weather there.

D. Because he wanted to make a living himself.

65. Franklin's almanacs contained the following EXCEPT\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. information for farmers B. wise sayings

C. poor Richard's experiences D. his observations about life

**Passage Two**

Unlike Britain, the United States does not have a national health care service. The government does help pay for some medical care for people who are on low incomes and for old people, but most people buy insurance to help pay for medical care. The problems of those who cannot afford insurance are an important political subject.

In Britain, when people are ill, they usually go to a family doctor first. However, people in

America sometimes go straight to an expert. Children are usually taken to a doctor who is an expert in the treatment of children In Britain,if a patient needs to see a specialist doctor, their family doctor will usually recommend a specialist.

Doctors do not go to peoples homes when they are ill. People always make appointments to see the doctor in the doctors office. In a serious situation, people call for an ambulance. In America,hospitals must treat all seriously ill patients, even if they do not have medical insurance. The government will then help pay for some of the cost of the medical care.

66. Some medical care is paid for b y the U. S. government for\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. people living in the country B. government officials

C. people with insurance D.the poor and the old

67. Most people in the United States buy insurance\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. to help to increase their income B. to pay for their own medical care

C. to improve the national health care service

D. to solve one of the important political problems

68. When people in Britain are ill, they will \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. go straight to an expert first B. go to see their family doctor first

C. buy a medical insurance first D. ask someone to recommend an expert first

69. In America, seriously ill patients will

A. be treated at home by family doctors B. make an appointment with a specialist only

C. receive treatment even without insurance D. never go to see an expert for treatment

70. Which of the following would be the best title for this passage?

A. Health Care in the United States and Britain.

B. Types of Doctors in the United States and Britain.

C. Medical Insurance in the United States and Britain.

D. Treatment of Sick Children in the United States and Britain.

**Passage Three**

When you are cooking with a pressure cooker, you should learn a few rules:

 (1)Never leave the cooker unwatched when it is in use.

(2) Add sufficient liquid but never past the recommended fill point. Overfilling cooker may block the vent(排气) pipe and cause the cooker to explode.

(3)Set the cooking time. Too much time may overcook the food and too little time

 (4)If you are new to pressure cooking, follow the cooking instructions carefully.Heat and time can either result in a great meal or a ruined one.

 (5)Never try to force a pressure cooker cover open . Allow the cooker to cool or run it under cool water before trying to open the cover.

 (6)Clean the cooker thoroughly after each use. Mild detergent (洗涤剂)and hot water work the best. Do not use stove ash or sand for they may damage the cooker.the gasket( 垫圈 ) is best cleaned in warm soapy water and then dried. Store the gasket in the bottom of the pot.and then dried.store the gasket in the bottom of the pot.

71. When using a cooker, the user should\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. keep the cooker under close watch

B. ignore the cooking instructions C. leave out the gasket

D.always keep the cooker on the stove

72. According to the instructions, a pressure cooker cover should be opened \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. as soon as the stove is turned off

B. while the cooker is still cooking

C. with force when the cooker is hot

D. after the cooker is cooled down

73. According to the instructions, which of the following is TRUE?

A. The gasket should be cleaned thoroughly with cold water.

B. Mild detergent and hot water can best clean the cooker.

C. Soapy water will often damage the cooker.

D. Sand can be used to clean the cooker.

74. Which of the following operations may be dangerous?

A. Cleaning the cooker with detergent.

B. Overfilling the cooker with food and water.

C. Cooling the cooker with cold water.

D. Setting the cooking time too short.

75. The purpose of this piece of writing is to

A. describe B. persuade C. instruct D. narrate

  **Passage Four**

Do you find getting up in the morning so difficult? This might be called laziness, but

Dr.Kleitman has a new explanation. He has proved that everyone has a daily energy cycle.

During the hours when you labor through your work you may say that you’re hot. That's true.

The time of day when you feel most energetic is when your cycle of body temperature is at its

peak. For some people the peak comes during the morning. For others it comes in the afternoon

or evening. No one has discovered why this is so,but it  leads to  such  familiar monologues (自言自语)as:"Get up, John!You'll be late for work again"the possible explanation for the trouble

is that John is at his  temperature-and-energy  peak  in  the  evening. Much family quarrelling ends when husbands and wives realize.what these energy cycles mean and which cycle each

member of the family has.You cant change your energy cycle, but you can  learn  to  make  your life fit it better. Habit  can help, Dr.Kleitman believes. Maybe you're sleepy in the evening but

feel you must stay up late anyway. Make some change to some extent by habitually staying up later  than  you want  to. If your energy is low in the morning but you have an important job to

do early in the day, rise before your usual hour This wont change your cycle. but you'll get up

steam  and  work  better at your low point.

Get off to a slow start which saves your  energy. Get up with a leisurely yawn（呵欠）and

stretch. Sit on the edge of the bed a minute before  putting your  feet on the floor, Avoid the troublesome search for clean clothes by laying them out the night before. Whenever possible,

do routine work in the afternoon and save tasks requiring more energy or concentration for

your sharper hours.

76. If a person finds getting up early a problem, most probably\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. he is a lazy person  B. he refuses to follow his own energy cycle

C. he is not sure when his energy is low

D. he is at his peak in the afternoon or evening

77. Which of the following may lead to family quarrels according to the passage?

A. Familiar monologues

B.Not knowing energy cycles

C.A change in a family member's energy cycle.

D.Attempts to control the energy cycle of other family members

78. If one wants to work more efficiently at his low point in the morning, he should\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

A. change his energy cycle В. overcome his laziness

C. get up earlier than usual D. go to bed earlier than usual

79.You are advised to rise with a yawn and stretch because it will\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A.help to save your energy for the day' s work

B. help you to control your temper early in the day

C.enable you to concentrate on your routine work

D.keep your energy cycle under control all day

80. The underlined phrase  "get up steam"in Paragraph 2 means in Chinese\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A.精神萎靡 B.发泄怨气 C.得意忘形 D.振作精神

**Part III .Translation(20 points)**

**Directions:**In this part, there is one paragraph in English. read the paragraph are fully and transl ate it into Chinese.

 Living and studying in a foreign country for a certain period of time is an interesting and

challenging experience. People may feel excited to master a second language and learn different

customs and new values. They may also find it difficult to get used to new food and strange behaviors. At the same time,they feel that their experience enables them to understand their own society and culture better they begin to miss the familiar loving and comfort able environment of their

home country and miss their family relatives and friends at home.

**Part IV. Writing(20 points)**

**Directions.** For this part, you are required to write a composition of 120 to 180 words. Your

writing should be base on the  title and outline given blow.

**Finding a Job or Pursuing Further Studies**

1.有些同学现在大学毕业立刻就业，有些想继续深造；

2.列举以上两种想法的理由；

3.谈谈你得的想法和理由。